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## Dear President Schulz,

Acting on behalf of companies of more than 20 sectors of the European industry, which collectively represent hundreds of thousands of jobs and a major share of investment in the EU, we would like to share with you our views on the question of how the EU should treat China – as well as other countries such as Vietnam – in future anti-dumping proceedings in light of the discussion which, we understand, is taking place within the European Commission.

There is no doubt that if the EU decided to grant Market Economy Status (MES) - making the antidumping instrument useless against injurious imports from China and Vietnam such decision would have a severe impact on the whole European industry and its ability to invest in manufacturing, jobs and innovation in Europe. The competitiveness and even survival of many European companies, particularly SMEs, would be seriously threatened with severe adverse consequences for European jobs and growth prospects.

The reason therefore is that both the Chinese and the Vietnamese economies as a whole continue not to meet the EU's five technical criteria for granting MES. And as Trade Commissioner Malmström recently confirmed in an interview with the Wall Street Journal, there is no automaticity in granting MES to China meaning that the full implementation of all technical criteria remains a necessary precondition before any further consideration.

Some say that the EU should consider granting MES, even if China's economy is not market-driven, to make China more amenable to negotiating a bilateral investment agreement with the EU. Exchanging the EU antidumping instrument for potential Chinese goodwill to negotiate an agreement which may never be concluded, and thereby jeopardizing major EU industrial activity and jobs, would seriously undercut the EU's agenda for Growth, Jobs and Innovation.

In this context, it would be extremely useful if not essential firstly to consult with and understand how our major trading partners view the question of granting MES automatically to China in 2016. At this point, there is no indication that any of our major trading partners (the United States, Canada, Japan, Brazil, India and Mexico) intend to grant MES to China automatically next year: in that case, the effect of a unilateral EU decision would be extremely negative for EU industries exposed to potentially devastating import surges as a result of trade deflection from the US and/or other markets.

In light of the strategic importance of the matter, a delegation of representatives of our associations would welcome the opportunity to discuss the matter personally with you in greater depth at your earliest convenience.

## Sincerely yours.

## Signatories:

CEC European Confederation of the Footwear Industry
CEPI Confederation of European Paper Industries
CERAME-UNIE The European Ceramic Industry Association
CIRFS European Man-made Fibres Association
EBMA European Bicycle Manufacturers Association
ECGA European Carbon and Graphite Association
EDG European Domestic Glass

EUROPEAN Domestic Glass

EFIC European Furniture Industries Confederation

EIFI European Industrial Fasteners Institute

ESTA European Steel Tube Association

EU PRO SUN The Sustainable Solar Energy Initiative

EURATEX The European Apparel and Textile Confederation

EUROALLIAGES The European Ferro-alloys Association

EUROCORD The European Federation of Rope, Twine & Netting Industries EUROCOTON European Federation of Cotton and Allied Textiles Industries

EUROFER The European Steel Association EUROMETAUX European Association of Metals

EUROMINES European Association of Mining Industries, Metal Ores & Industrial

Minerals

EWRIS European Federation of Steel Wire Rope Industries

FERTILIZERS EUROPE
GLASS FIBRE EUROPE
European Glass Fibre Producers Association

INTERGRAF European Federation for Print and Digital Communication

TPF Tube and Pipe Fittings